## Worksheet for Identifying Types of Acids and Bases.

As quickly as possible, identify the compounds below by type of acid or base and the symbol to be used in an acid or base calculation

Possible types of acid or base answers:

strong acid, weak acid, strong base, weak base, Lewis acid, neither, amphiprotic

Possible symbols: H<sup>+</sup>, OH<sup>-</sup>, HA, A<sup>-</sup>, B, BH<sup>+</sup>, none

Name or molecular formula	Type of acid or base	Symbol in calculations
hydrochloric acid	Strong acid	$\mathbf{H}^{+}$
potassium malonate	Weak base	A <sup>-</sup>
NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	Weak acid	$\mathrm{BH}^{^{+}}$
H <sub>2</sub> SO4		
НСООН		
tartaric acid		
hydrofluoric acid		
Ba(OH) <sub>2</sub>		
HNO <sub>2</sub>		
hypochlorous acid		
ammonium nitrate		
NH <sub>3</sub>		
lithium hydroxide		
FeCl <sub>3</sub>		
potassium bisulfate		
$Br_2$		
phosphoric acid		
dimethylamine		
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> C=CCOOH		
CH <sub>3</sub> COO <sup>-</sup> Na <sup>+</sup>		
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub>		
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NH		
CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> Cl <sup>-</sup>		
Sulfurous acid		
Hydronium ion		
H <sub>2</sub> O		
NaHCO <sub>3</sub>		
Sodium carbonate		
H <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>		
H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>		
Hydroxide ion		
HClO <sub>3</sub>		
Ammonium acetate		
Potassium chloride		
H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup>		
Hydroiodic acid		
Br <sup>-</sup>		
CH₃COOH		
BH <sub>3</sub>		

Name or molecular formula	Type of acid or base	Symbol in calculations
hydrochloric acid	Strong acid	$H^{+}$
potassium malonate	Weak base	A <sup>-</sup>
NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	Weak acid	$\mathrm{BH}^{^{+}}$
H <sub>2</sub> SO4	Strong acid	$H^{+}$
НСООН	Weak acid	НА
tartaric acid	Weak acid	НА
hydrofluoric acid	Weak acid	НА
Ba(OH) <sub>2</sub>	Strong base	OH <sup>-</sup>
HNO <sub>2</sub>	Weak acid	НА
hypochlorous acid	Weak acid	НА
ammonium nitrate	Weak acid	$\mathrm{BH}^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$
NH <sub>3</sub>	Weak base	В
lithium hydroxide	Strong base	OH_
FeCl <sub>3</sub>	Weak acid	Lewis acid
potassium bisulfate	amphiprotic	HA <sup>-</sup>
$Br_2$	neutral	none
phosphoric acid	Weak acid	$H_3A$
dimethylamine	Weak base	В
CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> C=CCOOH	Weak acid	НА
CH <sub>3</sub> COO <sup>-</sup> Na <sup>+</sup>	Weak base	$A^{-}$
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub>	Weak base	OH.
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NH	Weak base	В
CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> Cl <sup>-</sup>	Weak acid	$\mathrm{BH}^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$
Sulfurous acid	Weak acid	НА
Hydronium ion	Strong acid	$\mathrm{H}^{\scriptscriptstyle{+}}$
$H_2O$	amphiprotic	$H^+$ and $OH^-$
NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	amphiprotic	HA <sup>-</sup>
Sodium carbonate	Weak base	A <sup>-</sup>
$H_2CO_3$	Weak acid	HA
$H_3PO_4$	Weak acid	HA
Hydroxide ion	Strong base	OH <sup>-</sup>
HClO <sub>3</sub>	Strong acid	$\mathrm{H}^{^{+}}$
Ammonium acetate	Weak acid and weak base	$BH^+$ and $A^-$
Potassium chloride	Neutral	none
$H_3O^+$	Strong acid	$H^{+}$
Hydroiodic acid	Strong acid	$H^{+}$
Br	Neutral	none
CH₃COOH	Weak acid	HA
$BH_3$	Weak acid	Lewis acid